
STOCK DISEASES REGULATION 2009

Order pursuant to Clause 14 - Cattle

Exemptions from the requirement for cattle to be identified or for information to be provided to the authorised administrator of the permanent identification register

I, GEORGE DAVEY, Deputy Director-General, Primary Industries, of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment pursuant to section 22C of the Stock Diseases Act 1923 (“the Act”), and pursuant to section 3(2) of the Act and clause 14 of the Stock Diseases Regulation 2009 (“the Regulation”) do by this order:

1. revoke the order dated 27 August 2007 title “Order pursuant to Clause 14” and published in New South Wales Government Gazette No. 108 on 31 August 2007 at page 6676, and any order revived as a result of this revocation;
2. grant an exemption from clause 20 of the Regulation to the owner or person in charge of cattle where those cattle are being moved in the circumstances specified in Schedule 1;
3. grant an exemption from clause 25 of the Regulation to the owner or person in charge of cattle where those cattle are being moved in the circumstances specified in Schedule 2;

4. grant an exemption from clause 22(8) of the Regulation to the owner or person in charge of cattle where those cattle are being moved in the circumstances specified in Schedule 3; and
5. approve that the owner or person in charge of an abattoir that is licensed as a knackery in accordance with the Food Act 2003 is exempt from clause 24(4) of the Regulation only if the information specified at clause 24(4)(a)–(f) of the Regulation is provided to the authorised administrator within seven (7) days of slaughter.

SCHEDULE 1

Exemption from requirement to permanently identify cattle

1. (*Local movements*) The cattle are:
 - (i) moved directly to a contiguous property and returned to the original property within 2 days, or
 - (ii) grazed continuously between contiguous properties;

OR
2. (*Unsuitable facilities*) The cattle are:
 - (i) located on a property where it is not practical to attach a permanent identifier, and
 - (ii) moved directly from the property to another place in accordance with the approval of a district veterinarian or a ranger, or in accordance with a permit issued by an inspector under section 7(6) of the Act, and
 - (iii) identified after arrival at the other place in accordance with clause 19 of the Regulation before the cattle is sold or slaughtered, or within 2 days of arrival, or before the cattle leaves that place, whichever is the sooner;

OR
3. (*Animal exhibits*) The cattle are:
 - (i) lawfully held or exhibited at an animal display establishment that is licensed under the Exhibited Animals Protection Act 1986, and
 - (ii) not moved to a saleyard or abattoir, and
 - (iii) not sold, except to another licensed animal display establishment;

OR
4. (*Emergencies*) The cattle are:
 - (i) located on a property (the ‘previous property’) that is affected by an emergency that necessitates the urgent movement of the cattle to another place, and
 - (ii) identified after arrival at the other place with a permanent identifier in accordance with clause 19 of the Regulation before the cattle is sold or slaughtered, or before the cattle leaves that place unless the cattle is returned directly to the previous property;

OR
5. (*Large or difficult animals*) The cattle are:
 - (i) of such a size or disposition that it is impractical or unsafe to attach a permanent identifier, and

- (ii) identified with an approved tail tag that is printed with the property identification code of the property at which the cattle was last held, or a special identifier that is a tail tag, and
- (iii) moved either directly or via a saleyard to an abattoir, where the cattle is slaughtered and that movement is in accordance with the approval of a district veterinarian or a ranger, or in accordance with a permit issued by an inspector under section 7(6) of the Act;

OR

6. (*Carcasses*) The cattle are carcasses being:

- (i) disposed at a waste management facility that is authorised under State legislation to take animal carcasses; or
- (ii) sent to an animal display establishment that is licensed under the Exhibited Animals Protection Act 1986.

SCHEDULE 2

Stock in transit

The cattle are:

- (i) moved directly between different parts of the same property across or along a travelling stock reserve, public road or stock watering place within 7 days, or
 - (ii) moved from a travelling stock reserve or stock watering place to a contiguous travelling stock reserve or stock watering place and back again within 7 days, or
 - (iii) moved in accordance with Schedule 1 of this order, or
 - (iv) offloaded briefly while transferring the cattle from one vehicle to another vehicle,
- and
- (v) moved in accordance with the provisions of the Rural Lands Protection Act 1998, either
 - (a) in a vehicle and accompanied by a transported stock statement that is approved pursuant to Part 10A of that Act, or
 - (b) by walking in accordance with a stock permit issued under Part 8 of that Act; or
 - (c) as otherwise authorised under that Act.

SCHEDULE 3

On-property sales by public auction

The cattle are:

- (i) sold by public auction at the property on which the cattle have been held for the previous 7 days or more; and
- (ii) the buyer of the cattle complies with clause 25(3) of the Regulation when the cattle are moved to another property.

Definitions:

In this order:

“district veterinarian or a ranger” means a person employed in either capacity in accordance with section 42 of the Rural Lands Protection Act 1998 and who is currently working for a Livestock Health and Pest Authority.

Dated this 9th day of September 2009.

GEORGE DAVEY,
Deputy Director-General, Primary Industries
Department of Industry and Investment
