primefact

Nour clementine

March 2020, Primefact 1759, First edition Dave Monks and Graeme Sanderson, Research Horticulturists, Dareton



Figure 1. A Nour clementine tree.



Figure 2. Nour clementines.

Estimated maturity period

Region	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Riverina												
Sunraysia												

Origin

The Nour clementine was introduced to Australian by Auscitrus as a late-maturing clementine that originated in Morocco. It is a public variety.

Fruit quality

Table 1. Nour clementine fruit quality* characteristics.

Skin	Easy peel, orange colour, slightly pebbled with a tendency to retain a green tinge at the fruit base.
Average rind thickness (mm)	3.7
Internal quality	Mild, sweet flavour. Seedy with pollination.
Average number of seeds	5.3
Juice per cent (%)	40
°Brix	11.5
Acid per cent (%)	0.84
Brix:acid ratio	13.7
Average fruit weight (g)	102
Average fruit diameter (mm)	60

^{*}Juice quality levels considered adequate for harvest and developed by sequential analysis of fruit from topworked evaluation trees.

Comments

- The fruit is slower to colour than Orogrande and Sidi Aissa clementines and remains on the tree in good condition for an extended period.
- Some fruit does not fully colour, even at peak maturity and retains a green tinge at the base.
- Crop load can be excessive and cause limb breakage.
- Trees need to be pruned and fruit thinned to increase fruit size.

Table 2. Average yield per tree* on nursery propagated field trees (Sunraysia).

Rootstock	Average yield per tree (kg)				
ROOISIOCK	2009 (3-y-old trees)				
C35 Citrange	28				
Citrange	17				
Swingle	15				
Trifoliata	16				
Volkameriana	33				

Table 3. Average yield per tree* on trees top-worked to Valencia orange.

Rootstock	Average yield per tree (kg)			
ROOTSTOCK	2010			
Citrange	79			
Cleopatra	67			
Trifoliata	52			

^{*}Average yield per tree results are from a small number of evaluation trees and should only be used as a general indication of the variety's potential yield.

There is no commercial interest for Nour clementine in Australia.

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The information contained in this publication is based on knowledge and understanding at the time of writing (December 2019) and was generated from field and nursery trees at Dareton Primary Industry Institute, Sunraysia, NSW, unless otherwise stated. Where quantitative data are presented (e.g. % Juice or rind thickness) they are based on measured properties. Where qualitative data are presented (e.g. thorniness or tendency to split), they are based on observations or brief notes recorded in the field.

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