

# primefact

# Macquarie Recreational Fishing Guide

January 2024

Fishing is a fun, outdoor activity for the whole family. Fishing rules help ensure healthy and sustainable fisheries for future generations.

The Macquarie district offers a tremendous variety of waterways for the enthusiastic angler or weekend camper. Native inland fish species including the iconic Murray Cod and Golden Perch are regularly caught in waterways within the district.

Some of the major waterways located within the Macquarie district include the Macquarie (including Burrendong Dam), Darling, Warrego, Bogan and Lachlan rivers. Also located within the district are a small number of trout streams including sections of Cudgegong and Bell Rivers and their tributaries.

DPI fisheries officers routinely patrol waterways, boat ramps and foreshores to advise anglers about responsible fishing practices and to ensure compliance with NSW fishing regulations.

Information on bag and size limits and legal fishing gear can be obtained at

www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fisheries or by visiting your local DPI fisheries office.

To report suspected illegal fishing activity, call the Fishers Watch phone line on **1800 043 536** (free call) or report on-line at

www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fisheries/compliance/reportillegal-activity. All calls will be treated as confidential and you can remain anonymous.

### RECREATIONAL FISHING FEE

When fishing in NSW waters, both freshwater and saltwater, you are required by law to pay the NSW recreational fishing fee and carry a receipt showing the payment of the fee. This applies when spear fishing, using bowfishing equipment (to take carp), hand lining, hand gathering, trapping, bait collecting and prawn netting or when in possession of fishing gear in, on or adjacent to waters.

All money raised by the NSW recreational fishing fee is spent on improving recreational fishing in NSW. Projects include:

- angler facilities such as fishing platforms;
- stocking of freshwater fish in dams and rivers;
- essential research on popular recreational fish species;
- building artificial reefs to create new fishing locations;
- fish aggregating devices (FADs) to enhance fishing for dolphinfish and even tuna and marlin;
- creation of recreational fishing havens;
- · restoring important fish habitat;
- marine stocking of prawns in estuaries;
- angler education and advisory programs such as the Fishcare Volunteer program, fishing workshops, Get Hooked...it's fun to fish primary schools education and fishing guides.

Much more information is available at www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fisheries.

You can pay the NSW recreational fishing fee at www.onegov.nsw.gov.au or by calling 1300 369 365 or at many outlets throughout NSW, such as most fishing tackle stores, caravan parks, local shops, service stations and many Kmart stores.

Some exemptions apply to paying the fishing fee, including people under the age of 18, holders of pensioner concession cards and Aboriginal people. For further information on exemptions go to www.dpi.nsw.gov.au or call (02) 4424 7499.

You may not need to pay the NSW recreational fishing fee if you are fishing on a charter boat, hire boat or under the supervision of a fishing guide. Please check with the charter/hire boat operator, or guide, before you go fishing. If they do not hold a recreational fishing fee exemption certificate you will need to pay the NSW recreational fishing fee.

# RECREATIONAL FISHING **CLOSURES**

A number of fishing closures exist in the [District] area. These exist for a variety of reasons, from public health and safety to preserving unique aquatic environments. The majority of these closures are signposted and penalties apply for not complying with fisheries rules and regulations.

### **Total fishing closures**

All methods of fishing are prohibited in the following waters.

Burrendong Dam (Figure 1). That part of Macquarie River within 185 metres upstream from the weir face at Burrendong Dam, 185 metres downstream from the wall of Burrendong Dam outlet regulator and within the spillway channel at Burrendong Dam.

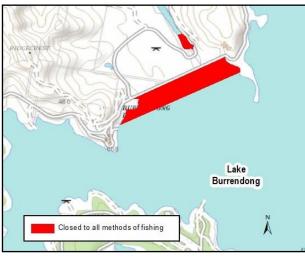


Figure 1. Burrendong Dam

### Weir closures

Brewster Weir. The following waters are closed to all methods of fishing: the Lachlan River within 100 metres downstream from the weir face of Brewster Weir.

Brewster Weir Outlet Regulator. The following waters are closed to all methods of fishing: the Lachlan River within 100 metres downstream from the outer wall of Brewster Weir outlet regulator.

South Dubbo Weir. The following waters are closed to all methods of fishing: the Macquarie River at South Dubbo Weir, 75m downstream of the weir face.

Willandra Weir (Figure 2). The following waters are closed to all methods of fishing: the Lachlan River within 100 metres downstream from the weir face at Willandra Weir.

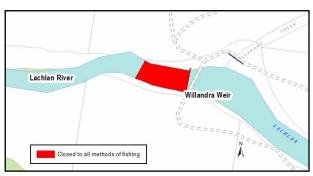


Figure 2. Willandra Weir

# **Species Restrictions**

Australian Bass and Estuary Perch. During the period May to August (inclusive) each year Australian Bass and Estuary Perch can only be taken by catch and release fishing in any NSW waters except impoundments and the waters of rivers above impoundments.

Freshwater Catfish cannot be taken by any method in all western flowing waters including the backed up waters of western impoundments, except the backed up waters of the following impoundments; Ben Chifley Dam, Burrendong Dam, Chaffey Dam, Copeton Dam, Keepit Dam, Pindari Dam, Split Rock Dam, Windamere Dam and Wyangala Dam.

River Blackfish and Two Spined Blackfish cannot be taken by any method in any NSW waters.

**Silver Perch** cannot be taken by any method in any NSW waters except the backed up waters of the following impoundments: Ben Chifley Dam, Burrendong Dam, Chaffey Dam, Copeton Dam, Glenbawn Dam, Glennies Creek Dam, Googong Dam, Hume Weir, Jounama Pondage, Keepit Dam, Lake Albert, Lake Wyangan, Pindari Dam, Split Rock Dam, Windamere Dam, Wyangala Dam and Yass Weir.

Murray Cod cannot be taken during the period 1 September to 31 November, except Copeton and Blowering dams.

Murray Crayfish. Murray Crayfish are found in the Murray and Murrumbidgee rivers and their tributaries. Fishing for Murray Crayfish is a popular pastime in the winter months. Murray Crayfish cannot be taken in any waters at any time other than between June and August (inclusive) in the following specified waters; (a) that part of Murrumbidgee River and tributaries (excluding Old Man Creek) between the Hume Highway road bridge at Gundagai downstream to a line 100 metres upstream of the weir face at Berembed Weir near Ganmain, and

(b) that part of Murray River and tributaries between a line 130 metres below the weir face at Hume Weir near Albury downstream to the Newell Highway road bridge atTocumwal.

Spiny Crayfish. There are several species of Spiny Freshwater Crayfish in NSW. Whilst they may be targeted by fishers, size and bag limits apply. It is prohibited to take Spiny Freshwater Crayfish from designated trout waters. The Fitzroy Falls Spiny Crayfish is totally protected and cannot be taken from any waters.

### Seasonal Closures - Trout Waters

#### **General Trout Streams**

The following fishing rules apply during the fishing season: a) a fisher may use two attended rods and lines with not more than 2 hooks attached and with not more than 3 treble hooks, or 3 double hooks, attached to any lure; b) a fisher may possess four rods and lines with lures attached c) a fisher may use a landing net used for retrieval of fish lawfully taken and d) bait fishing is permitted.

The following waters are general trout streams and are closed to the taking of all species of fish by any method, from the Tuesday after the June (Queen's Birthday) long weekend until midnight on the last Friday before the start of the October (Labour Day) long weekend (inclusive) in each year.

NOTE: When taking Atlantic Salmon, Brook Trout, Brown Trout and Rainbow Trout in general trout streams the maximum quantity that a person may take on any one day is 5 and the maximum quantity that a person may have in their possession is 10, consisting of any single species or a combination of species.

Bell River (Figure 5) and its creeks and tributaries upstream from its junction with, and including, the Molong Creek.

### **Artificial Fly and Lure Trout Streams**

The following fishing rules apply during the fishing season: a) a fisher may use one attended rod and line with not more than 2 hooks attached, artificial flies and lures only and with not more than 3 treble hooks, or 3 double hooks, attached to any lure; b) a fisher may possess three rods and lines with lures attached c) a landing net can be used as an ancillary for retrieval of fish lawfully taken and d) bait fishing is not permitted.

The following waters are artificial fly and lure troutstreams and are closed to the taking of all species of fish by any method, from the Tuesday after the June (Queen's Birthday) long weekend until midnight on the last Friday before the start of the October (Labour Day) long weekend (inclusive) in each year.

Bell River (Figure 5) and its creeks and tributariesupstream from the Belgravia Road crossing.

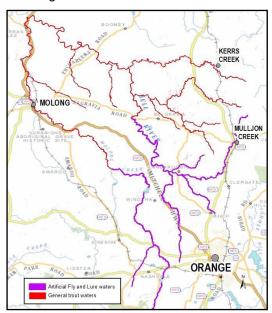


Figure 5. Bell River and Molong Creek

Molong Creek (Figure 5) and its tributaries upstream from its junction, but not including, Borenore Creek.

Cudgegong River (Figure 6) and its creeks and tributaries downstream of the wall of Windermere Dam and upstream from the Lawson Park Weir at Mudgee.

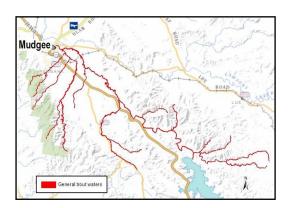


Figure 6. Cudgegong River

# GENERAL FRESHWATER FISHING RULES

• Lines. A fisher may use two attended lines and possess four lines with lures attached in non-tidal waters (with only 2 in use at any time, excluding trout waters. Attended lines must be within 50cm, in your sight, and have no more than 2 hooks per line or up to 3 treble hooks attached to any lure per line other than in some trout waters. A lure is considered a single hook.

Traps and nets. You may use up to 5 hoop / open pyramid lift nets or hoop nets (Figure 7) and 1 shrimp trap to take Yabbies and freshwater Shrimp, other than in trout waters where the use of traps and nets is prohibited (except when using up to 5 hoop / open pyramid lift nets or hoop nets in Googong Damor Lakes Lyell, Wallace, Eucumbene or Jindabyne to take yabbies).

 All nets and traps must be tagged with the user's initial, surname, year of birth and postcode. Persons must not set traps or nets for longer than 24 hours without lifting those traps or nets. Fishers are encouraged to regularly check set fishing gear, to ensure that any unwanted catch is returned to the water safely, unharmed.



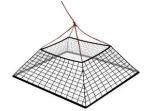


Figure 7. Open pyramid lift net and hoop net

• Bowfishing. Bowfishers may take carp from selected inland waters under the following circumstances: (a) not bowfish outside of 30 minutes before sunrise and 30 minutes after sunset (b) not use any bowfishing equipment aided by lights (c) not bowfish within 100 metres of a person or vessel that is not part of your bowfishing party (d) not bowfish within 100 metres of a: place or residence or where someone lives, picnic area, boat ramp or campsite (e) not bowfish within 500m of a caravan park.

Bowfishing equipment means an upright bow and arrow with the arrow attached to the bow by means of line and a reel of no more than 30 metres of line attached to the bowfishing reel and a flightless (un-fletched) bowfishing arrow with barbs attached (fishing head).

# **Other Freshwater Fishing Rules**

- Leave all commercial fishing gear in place anddo not disturb commercial fishers going about their lawful business.
- You must not alter the length of a fish which is subject to a minimum or maximum size limit whilst you are in, on or adjacent to any waters in any manner other than by gutting, gilling and scaling. This rule does not apply at areas normally used for cleaning fish, such as boat ramp cleaning tables, if the fish are for immediate consumption or immediate use as bait, or for fish that do not have a legal length.
- You cannot use any chemical or explosive devices to take or assist to take fish.
- You cannot use setlines, spearguns, spears or other similar devices (except if using bowfishing equipment to take carp). Bowfishing equipment cannot be used in trout waters.
- It is illegal to use or possess a gaff hook in, on or adjacent to inland waters. It is illegal to jag/foul hook fish, to use frogs, live finfish, live birds or live animals as bait, or to sell your catch.
- You cannot use any nets or traps which are not permitted for use. The use of salmon roe or products containing them is also prohibited

# **Fishing safely**

Remember to take care and exercise caution. Follow these basic safety tips:

- Observe first, fish later. Always check weather and water conditions before you start fishing.
- Never fish alone and always inform others of your fishing plans.
- Wear a lifejacket or buoyancy vest when boat fishing or when fishing in hazardous locations such as those located near areas of fast moving water.
- Wear appropriate non-slip footwear and light clothing.
- If someone is washed in or falls into the water, DO NOT jump in but look for a life buoy or something that floats and throw it to the person in the water.

Alert emergency services by dialling 112 from a mobile phoneor 000 from a landline - wait for assistance. For more information visit: www.safefishing.com.au

### **Wader Safety**

- If you fall into the water immediately assume a tuck position, then roll on to your back while keeping the knees tucked. Use your arms to balance. Don't panic, do not try to swim but either tread wateror float. If swept into a fast flowing stream always go with the current feet first while working to a safe shore position.
- Take extra care when wearing waders. Roads and Maritime Services recommends that waders should not be used in boats in case of capsize or swamping. Basic wader safety tips include the following:
- To restrict the amount of water that can enter waders, fasten a belt around your waist. This must be as firm as possible but always comfortable. The belt will also trap air inside and provide some buoyancy but caution is needed as you could end upside down if you fall into the water.
- Don't panic, do not try to swim but either tread water or float.
- If swept into a fast flowing stream always gowith the current feet first while working to a safe shore position.

# Responsible fishing

- Observe all bag and size limits as well as any other restrictions for the area you are fishing.
- Reduce wildlife injuries by attending your linesand use environmentally friendly tackle. Carefully release all undersize or unwanted fish and take only what is sufficient for your immediate needs.
- Dispose of all litter and fishwaste responsibly.
- Be considerate of others and keep noise to a minimum.

# **Catch and release**

- Catch and release fishing has increased in popularity in recent years. Research has shown that most fish survive using current catch and release fishing techniques. The following improvedfishing practices are suggested to maximise fish survival.
- If a fish is deeply hooked, do not try to remove the hook, cut the line as close to the mouthas possible and release the fish.

- Barbless hooks can be used to make hook removal easier and minimise injuries to the fish.
- Use fish-friendly landing nets with soft, knotless mesh.
- Minimise the length of time the fish is out of the water.
- Use wet hands or gloves to handle fish before release.

### **Penalties**

Penalties apply to persons who take or possess fish taken in contravention of fishing closures.

### **Further information**

For more information about fishing restrictions thatapply contact the; Macquarie Fisheries Office. CnrHampton and Cobra Streets Postal Address:

PO Box 865 DUBBO NSW 2830

Phone: (02) 68811208

Web: www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fisheries

#### INT21/81594

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