Featured Location:
Sydney Harbour’s Wharves, Piers & Parks

Big City Hot Spot!
Throwing a line in at a new spot always makes for a great fishing adventure. Whether you’re just starting out or an expert fisher, NSW boasts some of the best locations to fish in the world. In addition to being one of the state’s favourite activities, recreational fishing is a massive contributor to our economy. It’s a $3.4 billion industry and generates 14,000 full-time jobs across the state.

The NSW Government knows how important recreational fishing is and has developed a range of programs to enhance angler access and opportunities. This series of guides to popular fishing locations is a great example of the proactive approach by the NSW Government to promote recreational fishing. We’re fortunate to live in NSW where there are so many great places to fish. I hope these DPI guides help you have a safe and productive fishing experience around our great state. Tight lines!

The Hon. Adam Marshall, MP
Minister for Agriculture and Western New South Wales
Sydney Harbour is best known for its premier tourist attractions like the Opera House, Luna Park, Taronga Zoo and of course the iconic Harbour Bridge. However it is also highly regarded in recreational fishing circles as an outstanding shore-based fishing destination offering a variety of productive options including rock platforms, wharves, piers and numerous parks and reserves.

Popular with serious anglers, family fishos and visiting tourists, the Harbour offers quality fishing for a range of common species such as dusky flathead, mulloway, bream, luderick, mullet, tarwhine, silver trevally, a couple of different squid species and leatherjacket. In the warmer months, the Harbour is invaded by pelagic species including Australian salmon, bonito, frigate mackerel and the mighty kingfish, providing keen sportfishermen with exciting action from the many wharves, piers, reserves and rocky outcrops.

Fishing access in the Harbour is generally pretty good. More than 120 known land-based locations, some in sight of the city’s most iconic landmarks, provide for truly unique fishing experiences. Take the opportunity to explore the array of land-based fishing options available around the Harbour.

Before you plan a trip to Sydney Harbour, make sure you do your homework as a number of fishing closures are in place. These closures exist for a variety of reasons, from public health and safety to preserving unique aquatic environments. The majority of these closures are signposted. Penalties apply for not complying with the relevant rules and regulations.

Sydney Harbour and all its tributaries is listed as an Intertidal Protected Area, which means take of any shellfish, molluscs and crustaceans (for example crabs, cunjevoi, cockles, mussels, snails, whelks, oysters and abalone) is prohibited.

As anyone who has ever spent time on its foreshores or out on the water will know, Sydney Harbour is an extremely busy working port with huge amounts of boat traffic, industry, tourism and recreational/commercial use. The key to enjoying this shared resource is for recreational fishers to fish responsibly and make sure we present a positive image by cleaning up any fishing related mess (even if it’s not yours!), keeping the noise down (especially at night) and to show respect and courtesy to other users such as commuters, residents and workers.

Following these common sense suggestions will help ensure we all enjoy continued access to the Harbour’s fantastic land-based fishing locations, now and into the long-term.

This guide to Sydney Harbour’s Wharves, Piers & Parks is the first of a planned three-part series of Sydney-based DPI Go Fishing handbooks.

FISH RESPONSIBLY!
- Leave no litter
- Minimise noise (especially at night)
- Be respectful
- Promote safe and responsible fishing

Council, leased and private land is subject to its own regulations and management and it is advisable to always check if fishing is permissible at that location.
Sydney Harbour land-based locations

1. Kurraba Point Reserve
2. Kurraba Point Ferry Wharf
3. Neutral Bay Ferry Wharf
4. Kesterton Park
5. North Sydney Ferry Wharf
6. Wrixton Park
7. Kimbili Ferry Wharf
8. Lady Gowrie Lookout
9. Beulah Street Wharf
10. Jeffrey Street Wharf
11. Circular Quay Ferry Wharf
12. Milsons Point Ferry Wharf
13. Lavender Bay
14. McMahons Point Public Wharf
15. McMahons Point Ferry Wharf
16. Walsh Bay Pier 2 and 3
17. Walsh Bay Pier 7 and 8
18. Blues Point Reserve
19. Henry Lawson Avenue Park
20. Sawmillers Reserve
21. Pyrmont Bay Ferry Wharf
22. Metcalfe Park
23. Ballaarat Park
24. Jones Bay Wharf
25. Illoura Reserve
26. Balmain East Ferry Wharf
27. Lookes Avenue Reserve
28. Simmons Point Reserve
29. Pirrama Park
30. Waterfront Park
31. Bicentennial Park
32. Balmain Ferry Wharf
33. Ballast Point Park
34. Balls Head Reserve
35. Berry’s Island Reserve
36. Greenwich Sailing Club
37. Birghgrove Ferry Wharf
38. Yurulbin Park
39. Elkington Park
40. White Horse Point
41. Greenwich Point Ferry Wharf
42. Shell Park
43. Bayview Park (Greenwich)
44. Northwood Wharf
45. Woolwich Ferry Wharf
46. Clarkes Point Reserve

SYDNEY CBD
SYDNEY NORTH
SYDNEY INNER WEST

Sydney Harbour


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Fish responsibly!
Do the right thing on Sydney’s ferry wharves

While most anglers fishing the wharves do so responsibly, a minority continue to do the wrong thing. It is vital all fishers do the right thing as these wharves are simply too good to lose!

If you enjoy fishing from Sydney’s ferry wharves, make sure you:

- Be considerate of nearby residents and keep the noise to a minimum, especially after 10pm.
- Be considerate of nearby businesses.
- Remember vessels and passengers have priority, clear your lines and tackle when they approach and move aside.
- Do not block access or leave tackle on commuter seating and be respectful to passengers.
- Always dispose of all rubbish, bait and unwanted tackle responsibly even if it is not yours.
- Always clean up any fishing mess like scales, blood, ink or bait with a bucket of water before you leave.
- Follow recreational fishing rules.

Report suspicious fishing activity to the Fishers Watch Phoneline on 1800 043 536 and contact NSW Police to report any anti-social behaviour.

NSW DPI has produced an educational video providing more info and handy tips about safely and responsibly fishing the ferry wharf network. Check it out on the DPI YouTube channel!

Help maintain your access to the Sydney ferry wharves network by always doing the right thing. Encourage your fishing mates to behave responsibly.
Yellowtail Kingfish

**PEAK SEASON:** Year round.

**TECHNIQUE:** The Harbour has established a reputation for producing good numbers of quality kingies in the metre-plus size. The most productive techniques for these “hoodlums” involve using live squid and yellowtail fished off the deep water piers and wharves in the lower Harbour.

Smaller kingfish can be targeted with soft plastics cast from the same locations; fresh squid strips and pilchards also account for plenty of “rat” kings when they are about.

**TACKLE:** Spinning reels in the 8000-20000 size loaded with 50-80lb braid matched to a popping style rod teamed with 60-120lb fluorocarbon leader is the required tackle for chasing metre-plus kings when live baiting.

For casting poppers and soft plastics or floating some squid and pilchards around the deeper wharves and piers, a 4-8kg 2.1-2.7m spin stick and a 4000-6000 size spinning reel loaded with 15-30lb braid and 20-40lb fluorocarbon leader will be well suited to chasing the school sized fish.

**HOT SPOTS:** Walsh Bay/Clifton Gardens/McMahons Point/Balls Head Reserve/Clarke’s Point Reserve.

**BAG & SIZE LIMITS:** 5 per day 65cm and over.

Australian Salmon

**PEAK SEASON:** October – April.

**TECHNIQUE:** Small soft plastics, metal lures, flies and hard-bodied lures cast around the deeper accessible spots from Balls Head down to the mouth of the Harbour all work extremely well for the ever-popular sambo. Keep a close eye out for birds diving and wheeling near the surface – this is a prime indication that a school of hungry salmon is in the area.

Whole pilchards, whitebait and strips of fished unweighted or under a bobby cork in the same areas mentioned for casting lures.

**TACKLE:** Medium spinning outfits of 3-6kg involving a 2.1m rod and 4000-5000 size spin reel loaded with 15-30lb braid and 20-30lb fluorocarbon leader is perfect when chasing salmon.

**HOT SPOTS:** Walsh Bay/Clifton Gardens/McMahons Point/Balls Head Reserve/Clarke’s Point Reserve.

**BAG & SIZE LIMITS:** 5 per day
A number of other common species including *garfish*, *flathead*, *mullet*, *tarwhine*, *flounder*, *fan-tail leatherjackets*, *luderick*, *drummer* and *silver trevally* all can be found in good numbers depending on the time of year and location.

Sydney Harbour also offers a unique chance to target a lesser known species called the *surgeon fish* or *sawtail surgeon*. They can grow to 70cm and while not a hugely sought after species (they are mostly a by-catch for luderick anglers using green weed for bait), there are few fish that will pull harder.
Previous test results have revealed elevated levels of dioxins in fish and crustaceans across Sydney Harbour, including Parramatta River and other connected tidal waterways. A ban was consequently placed on commercial fishing in 2006 as a precautionary measure.

Recreational fishing in the Harbour has not been banned, but fishers are urged to follow dietary advice on the consumption of seafood from the Sydney Harbour, Parramatta River and other connected tidal waterways. Fishers can also continue to practice catch and release.

Based on advice from an expert panel, the Government is recommending that:

- No fish or crustaceans caught west of the Sydney Harbour Bridge should be eaten. You should release your catch.
- For fish caught east of the Sydney Harbour Bridge generally no more than 150 grams per month should be consumed.

Recommended maximum intake based on eating a single species caught east of the Sydney Harbour Bridge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>No. of 150 gram serves per month</th>
<th>Amounts per month</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>No. of 150 gram serves per month</th>
<th>Amounts per month</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fanbellied leatherjacket</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>3600 g</td>
<td>Crab</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>750 g</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dusky flathead</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1800 g</td>
<td>Silver trevally</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>750 g</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flounder</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1800 g</td>
<td>Prawns</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>600 g</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kingfish</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1800 g</td>
<td>Squid</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>600 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Luderick</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1800 g</td>
<td>Bream</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>150 g</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trumpeter whiting</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1800 g</td>
<td>Silver biddie</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>150 g</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sand whiting</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1200 g</td>
<td>Tailor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>150 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellowtail</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1200 g</td>
<td>Sea mullet</td>
<td>1 every 3 months</td>
<td>50 g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Sydney’s wharves, piers and parks are too good to lose!

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