



# Barley: Short Fallow [No-till]

## Central Zone - West

Winter 2012

### 1. GROSS MARGIN BUDGET:

**INCOME:**

Feed Barley	2.20 tonnes/ha @	\$140.00 /tonne (on farm) (feed)
Malt Barley	1.90 tonnes/ha @	\$180.00 /tonne (on farm) (malt)

**VARIABLE COSTS:**

See opposite page for detail

**A. TOTAL INCOME \$/ha:**

Sowing.....	\$49.70
Fertiliser.....	\$61.80
Herbicide.....	\$80.05
Insecticide.....	\$0.00
Contract-harvesting.....	\$48.00
Levies.....	\$6.32
Crop Insurance.....	\$3.51
Cartage, grading & bagging.....	\$0.00

**B. TOTAL VARIABLE COSTS \$/ha:**

**C. GROSS MARGIN (A-B) \$/ha:**

Malt Standard Budget \$/ha	Feed Standard Budget \$/ha	Your 2006 Budget \$/ha
	\$308.00	
\$342.00		
<b>\$342.00</b>	<b>\$308.00</b>	
\$49.70	\$49.70	
\$61.80	\$61.80	
\$80.05	\$80.05	
\$0.00	\$0.00	
\$48.00	\$48.00	
\$6.32	\$6.43	
\$3.51	\$3.16	
\$0.00	\$0.00	
<b>\$249.39</b>	<b>\$249.14</b>	
<b>\$92.61</b>	<b>\$58.86</b>	

### 2. EFFECT OF YIELD AND PRICE ON GROSS MARGIN PER HECTARE:

Malt Barley

YIELD tonnes/ha	ON FARM PRICE (\$/tonne)				
	\$140 /t	\$160 /t	\$180 /t	\$200 /t	\$220 /t
1.40	-\$50	-\$22	\$5	\$33	\$60
1.60	-\$23	\$9	\$40	\$72	\$103
1.80	\$5	\$40	\$75	\$110	\$146
<b>1.90</b>	\$18	\$55	<b>\$93</b>	\$130	\$167
2.20	\$59	\$102	\$145	\$188	\$231
2.40	\$86	\$133	\$180	\$227	\$274
2.60	\$112	\$163	\$214	\$265	\$316

Gross Margin (\$/ha)

Feed Barley

YIELD tonnes/ha	ON FARM PRICE (\$/tonne)				
	\$100 /t	\$120 /t	\$140 /t	\$160 /t	\$180 /t
1.70	-\$76	-\$42	-\$9	\$24	\$58
1.90	-\$56	-\$19	\$18	\$55	\$93
2.10	-\$37	\$4	\$45	\$86	\$128
<b>2.20</b>	-\$27	\$16	<b>\$59</b>	\$102	\$145
2.50	\$2	\$51	\$100	\$149	\$198
2.70	\$18	\$71	\$124	\$177	\$230
2.90	\$35	\$92	\$149	\$206	\$263

Gross Margin (\$/ha)

#### PRODUCT TRADE NAMES

The product trade names in this publication are supplied on the understanding that no preference between equivalent products is intended and that the inclusion of a product does not imply endorsement by NSW DPI over any other equivalent product from another manufacturer.



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### CALENDAR OF OPERATIONS:

Operation	Month	Machinery			Inputs			Total Cost \$/ha
		hrs /ha	Cost \$/hour	Total \$/ha	rate/ha	Cost \$	Total \$/ha	
Weed control eg: glyphosate 540 g/L (Roundup PowerMAX®)	Dec/Jan	0.03	76.36	<b>\$2.50</b>	1.20 L	\$8.67/L	<b>\$10.40</b>	<b>\$12.90</b>
Weed control eg: triclopyr 600 g/L (Garlon®)	Dec/Jan	with above			0.10 L	\$19.60/L	<b>\$1.96</b>	<b>\$1.96</b>
Weed control eg: glyphosate 540 g/L (Roundup PowerMAX®)	Feb/Mar	0.03	76.36	<b>\$2.50</b>	1.20 L	\$8.67/L	<b>\$10.40</b>	<b>\$12.90</b>
Weed control eg: 2,4-D amine 300 g/L (Surpass®)	Feb/Mar	with above			1.00 L	\$3.80/L	<b>\$3.80</b>	<b>\$3.80</b>
Sowing seed	May	0.12	104.36	<b>\$12.22</b>	35 kg	\$1.07/kg	<b>\$37.49</b>	<b>\$49.70</b>
Starter fertiliser eg: MAP	May	with above			60 kg	\$1.03/kg	<b>\$61.80</b>	<b>\$61.80</b>
Grass weed control eg: diclofop+fenoxaprop (Tristar® Advance)	Jul	0.03	76.36	<b>\$2.50</b>	1.50 L	\$26.00/L	<b>\$39.00</b>	<b>\$41.50</b>
Broadleaf weed control eg: MCPA LVE 500 g/L (MCPA LVE®)	Jul	with above			0.70 L	\$10.00/L	<b>\$7.00</b>	<b>\$7.00</b>
Contract-harvest	Nov	contract		<b>\$48.00</b>				<b>\$48.00</b>
Crop Levies - 2 row feed						1.02% of on-farm value		<b>\$6.43</b>
Crop Levies - malt						1.02% of on-farm value		<b>\$6.32</b>
Crop Insurance - 2 row feed					1.03%	of on-farm value		<b>\$3.16</b>
Crop Insurance - malt					1.03%	of on-farm value		<b>\$3.51</b>

\*\*\* Input and crop prices are correct at the time of writing (March 2012). Market uncertainty makes estimation of future pricing impractical.

### NOTES:

#### Sowing time:

- Sowing at the optimum time for the selected variety is critical for maximum yield.
- Seed price used above is for purchased seed; if using retained seed adjust budget accordingly.

#### Place in rotation:

- Barley is a useful crop to follow wheat in the rotation.
- Barley will respond to good soil fertility, however it is better adapted to lower nitrogen fertility situations than wheat.
- Select lower nitrogen paddocks for malting barley.
- Tulla & Yambula are more tolerant to acid soils.
- Barley is a useful break crop where root lesion nematode is a problem, but check the varieties tolerance rating.
- Short Fallow: Fallow or weed free period of 5-6 months between harvest of one crop and sowing of the next crop. For example, canola harvested in November would be under a 5-6 month fallow until sowing in the following May.

#### Variety:

- Feed varieties will usually yield more than a standard malting variety.

#### Weed control:

- Timing of fallow herbicide applications will vary according to rainfall.
- Barley is generally more competitive than wheat in relation to weeds.
- An additional knockdown herbicide application (i.e. glyphosate 540 g/L @1.0 L/ha) should be considered if weeds are present at the time of sowing.

#### Machinery:

- Rotate herbicide groups and use other non-chemical methods to delay herbicide resistance.
- A tractor with 196 kW (263 HP) pto power and 242kW (325 HP) engine power is assumed.
- Machinery costs refer only to variable costs: fuel, oil, filters, tyres, batteries & repairs.
- Contract-harvesting does not include the cost of fuel.

#### Labour:

- The labour required for machinery operations is 0.23 hr/ha

#### Important notes:

- These gross margins are only a guide. They do not include overhead costs.
- **Use your own figures and price assumptions to estimate your own gross margin.**
- Use of a particular brand name does NOT imply a recommendation of that brand by NSW DPI.