



GROUP BIOSECURITY PERMIT

NSW Biosecurity Act 2015

l,	Sarah Britton
in a	coordance with section 333 and 336 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> (the Act) hereby grant a group

in accordance with section 333 and 336 of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* (the Act), hereby grant a group biosecurity permit (group permit) to the following class of persons:

An Importation permit holder of the Biosecurity (Pacific Oyster Mortality Syndrome) Control Order (No. 2) 2018, including persons engaged by these importation permit holders to transport oysters.

This group permit authorises the following conduct that, but for the group permit, would or might contravene a requirement imposed by or under the Act (subject to stated conditions of this group permit):

Transportation of oysters in contravention of clause 8 of the Biosecurity (Pacific Oyster Mortality Sydrome) Control Order (No. 2) 2018, out of the Clyde River or Crookhaven/Shoalhaven rivers for the purposes of importing oysters to Queensland for sale.

This group permit is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. That the oysters are moved directly from the Clyde River or the Shoalhaven/Crookhaven rivers to Queensland, and
- 2. Evidence of approval for the shipment from the Queensland Department of Agriculture & Fisheries (Qld DAF)is forwarded to NSW DPI no less than two hours and no more than two weeks prior to the shipment taking place vial email to: oyster.import@dpi.nsw.gov.au. A copy of Qld DAF's approval must accompany the oyster shipment, and
- 3. A completed copy of the Oyster Shipment Log Book is forwarded to NSW DPI no less than two hours and no more than two weeks prior to the shipment taking place, via email to: oyster.import@dpi.nsw.gov.au. A copy must accompany the oysters with the shipment.
- 4. That, if unable to transport across the Queensland border to intended destination, for any reason, the oysters are returned directly to the area of Clyde River or the Shoalhaven/Crookhaven rivers that they were originally sourced from.

Commencement: 04/09/2020

Ends on: 30/06/2021

Definitions: Importation permit holder - has the same meaning as described in clause 3 of the Biosecurity (Pacific Oyster Mortality Syndrome) Control Order (No. 2) 2018

Oyster Shipment Log Book - has the same meaning as decribed at clause 9 of the Fisheries Management (Aquaculture) Regulation 2017





Dr Sarah Britton	Dan
Authorised officers name	Signature
Group Director Animal Biosecurity, NSW Chief Veterinary Officer	04/09/2020
Role	Date
NSW Department of Primary Industries	

Agency

Failure to comply with the conditions of the group permit could result in a penalty notice or prosecution. The maximum penalty for an individual is \$1,100,000. The maximum penalty for a corporation is \$2,200,000.

This information is collected by the collecting agency identified in this form in relation to its functions under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. This agency/s and the NSW Department of Industry may use and disclose this information as reasonably necessary for the purpose of performing biosecurity risk functions under, or reasonably contemplated by, the *Biosecurity Act 2015*.





Guide to the Group Biosecurity Permit

Information about the group biosecurity permit

This permit is issued under section 333 and section 336 of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* (the Act). A person is not guilty of an offence against this Act or the regulations under this Act if the person was authorised to engage in the conduct alleged to constitute the offence concerned by a permit in force under this Act.

It is an offence to contravene a condition of a permit.

Penalty for not complying with the group biosecurity permit

The maximum penaltyis:

- in the case of an individual—\$220,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$55,000 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$440,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$110,000 for each day the offence continues.

The maximum penalty for an offence that is committed negligently is:

- in the case of an individual—\$1,100,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$137,500 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$2,200,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$275,000 for each day the offence continues.

Conditions of a group biosecurity permit

Under sections 348, 349 and 350 of the Act, an authorised officer may impose conditions on a permit at the time of granting or renewing a permit, or at any other time by variation to the permit. The conditions of a permit may include (but are not limited to) conditions for insurance cover, conditions for biosecurity audits, and conditions requiring financial assurances.

Limitations of a group biosecurity permit

A permit does not authorise any conduct in contravention of an emergency order, or a biosecurity direction given in the case of an emergency unless the permit is an emergency permit and the permit is expressed to apply in relation to the emergency concerned.

An authorised officer is not authorised to grant, renew, suspend or cancel an:

- *Emergency permit*, which authorises conduct that, but for the permit, would or might contravene an emergency order, or a biosecurity direction in the case of an emergency, and that is expressed to apply to the emergency concerned.
- Prohibited matter permit, which authorises dealing with biosecurity matter that is prohibited matter

Variation of a group biosecurity permit

Under section 344 of the Act, an authorised officer may, at any time, vary a permit by notice in writing. The variation includes the imposition of new conditions on a permit, the substitution of a condition, or the omission or amendment of conditions.

An application for variation to this permit can be made by the permit holder in an approved form and must be accompanied by any relevant information or evidence that the decision maker requires.

Refusal to grant / renew a group biosecurity permit

An authorised officer may on application or using their own initiative, renew or refuse to renew a permit. Section 346 of the Act sets out matters that the Secretary may consider when making a decision to renew or refuse a permit. An authorised officer must give an applicant written or oral notice of a decision to renew or refuse to renew permit. If a notice is provided orally, a written confirmation of the decision must be provided as soon as practicable.

Suspension or cancellation of a group biosecurity permit

An authorised officer may, by notice, suspend or cancel a permit if the authorised officer is satisfied that there are grounds for the suspension or cancellation of the permit. Section 352 of the Act sets out general grounds for suspension or cancellation of a permit.

A person may also apply for the suspension or cancellation of a permit.

Rights of appeal

No appeal can be laid against any decision about a group permit.

For all biosecurity matters please contact NSW Department of Primary Industries on 1800 680 244 or biosecurity@dpi.nsw.gov.au.